

Meghalaya (Renewable Energy Purchase Obligation & its Compliance) Regulations - 2015

HIGHLIGHTS

Control Period	From the date of gazette notification.			
Renewable Purchase Obligation (RPO)	Year	Minimum quantum of purchase (in %) from renewable energy sources (in kWh)		
		Solar	Non-solar	Total
	2015-16	0.41	1.09	1.5
	2016-17	0.42	1.58	2.0
	2017-18	0.43	2.07	2.5
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provided that under any scheme for promoting generation from renewable source is made through generation from off-grid renewable generation in the state, the same may be accounted for RPO of the distribution licensee, if Commission so permits. • Compliance (FY 2015-16) - 203.50% 			
Obligated Entities	• Distribution licensees, consumers owning captive power plants, and open access consumers in the state.			
Ways to Meet RPO	• Own generation or procurement of power from RE developer or purchase from other licensee or purchase of renewable energy certificates or combination of any of the given options.			
Certificates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Certificates shall be the valid instruments for the discharge of mandatory obligations set out in these regulations for the obligated entities to purchase electricity from renewable energy sources. • Obligations to purchase solar and non-solar energy can be fulfilled only by purchase of solar and non-solar certificates, respectively. • Certificates purchased by obligated entities shall be deposited with the Commission as per procedure issued by the state agency, on the lines of centralagency__. 			

OTHER PROVISIONS

State agency	The Meghalaya Non-Conventional and Rural Energy Development Agency Commission (MNREDA).
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Effect of default	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The Commission may direct the obligated entity to deposit into a separate RPO fund such amount as the Commission may determine on the basis of the shortfall in units of RPO and the forbearance price. • The fund shall be utilized only after approval of the Commission for purchase of certificates or as per the Commission's directives. • Defaulting entity shall also be liable for penalty under section 142 of the Electricity Act.
Monitoring and Implementation framework	State agency shall, in coordination with licensee/s, monitor the project and maintain accounts of sale and purchase of Renewable Energy Certificates.
Links	http://mserc.gov.in/regulations.html
References	MSERC (Renewable Energy Purchase Obligation & its Compliance) Regulations, 2015 : http://mserc.gov.in/regulations/MSERC_RPO_12-03-2015.pdf